



Calculating the carbon footprint of a rechargeable battery based on a PEFCR

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WHAT IS PEF



This makes impossible the systematic use of LCA in policy making



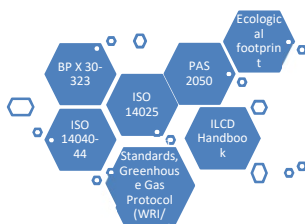
BUT



Same product

Different results

We need information that is **reproducible**, **comparable**, and **verifiable**



2011-2013



2013-2018

JRC TECHNICAL REPORTS

Suggestions for updating the Product Environmental Footprint (PEF) method



WHAT IS A PEFCR



PEFCR stands for **P**roduct **E**nvironmental **F**ootprint **C**ategory **R**ules

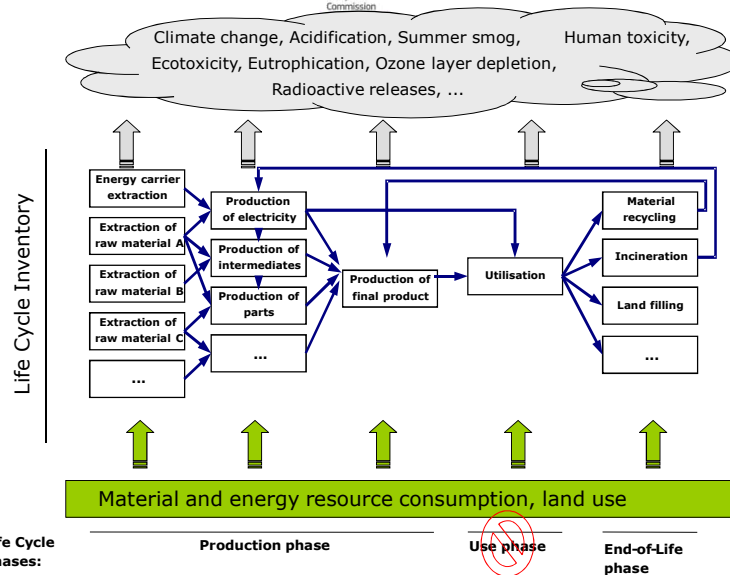
- Developed by industry (at least 51% of the EU market on a consumption base)
- Consulted with Member States, NGOs, and all interested stakeholders (at least 2 rounds of consultations, full transparency guaranteed)

It includes:

- Clear definition of products in scope
- Single Set of modelling rules for each life cycle stage
- Identification of the most relevant impact categories, life cycle stage, processes and elementary flows
- List of mandatory "company specific" data to be provided
- List of secondary datasets and activity data to be used for modelling purposes
- Environmental performance of the representative product

The features in red are those relevant for the carbon footprint calculations

LIFE CYCLE STAGES IN SCOPE



CALCULATION LOGIC



Impact

Activity data = amount of [...]

Secondary dataset= list of inputs and outputs (resources, emissions, etc) related to a specific process

$$\text{Impact} = \text{Activity data} * \text{Secondary dataset}$$



Bill of Materials

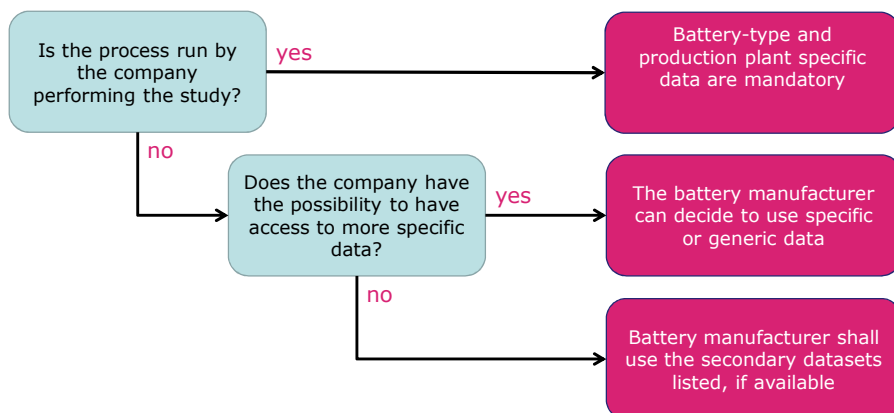
X MJ electricity
Y m3 water
Z m3 natural gas
A kg metal 1
B kg metal 2
C kg plastic 1
D kg emission 1
...

Quantities in red... are activity data

Materials and resources in blu are secondary datasets

Elementary flows in brown are emissions

LEVEL OF INFLUENCE

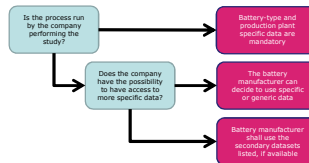


COMPANY SPECIFIC DATA



Company specific data:

- Cell (anode, cathode, electrolyte, separator, cell casing)
- Battery casing
- Battery Control Unit
- Battery Management Unit
- Passive cooling system
- Safety Management Unit
- Heat Management system
- Electricity, water, auxiliary materials



Activity data and emissions* related to these processes **shall** always be battery- and plant- specific

Secondary datasets can either be company-specific or those provided as default (see next slide)

* Only those listed as relevant

MISSING INFO

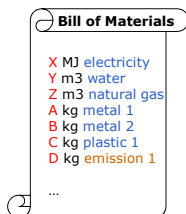


The existing PEFCR on rechargeable batteries includes the following battery applications:

- **e-mobility** (e.g., e-bikes, EV, PHEV, cars, bus/trucks)
- **ICT** (e.g., tablets and phones, computers, cameras, games)
- **Cordless power tools** (e.g., drills, electric screwdrivers)

As far as e-mobility is concerned, the following chemistries are already covered:

- **Battery technology:** Li-Ion and NiMH
- **Battery chemistry for Li-ion technology:** LCO (LiCoO₂), NMC (LiNi_xMn_yCo_zO₂), LiMn (LiMnO₂) and LFP (LiFePO₄)



The more info we gather **now** about different chemistries and production processes, the more datasets the EC will be able to make available for free.

WHICH DATASETS TO USE



In case the production and/or assembly of a battery involves processes not included in the list provided, then the manufacturer shall include these additional process using battery-model specific activity data and suitable EF-compliant datasets.

Whenever a dataset needed to calculate the carbon footprint is not among those listed, the manufacturer shall choose between the following options (in hierarchical order):

1. Use an EF-compliant dataset available on one of the following nodes:
 - <http://eplca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/EF-node>
 - <http://lcdn.blonkconsultants.nl>
 - <http://ecoinvent.lca-data.com>
 - <http://lcdn-cepe.org>
 - <http://lcdn.quantis-software.com/PEF/>
 - <http://lcdn.thinkstep.com/Node>
2. Use an EF-compliant dataset available in a free or commercial source;
3. Use another EF-compliant dataset considered to be a good proxy;
4. Use an ILCD-entry level-compliant dataset. A maximum of 10% of the total carbon footprint may be derived from ILCD-EL compliant datasets (calculate cumulatively from lowest to largest contribution to the total carbon footprint).

Access granted « for free »
by the Commission

CF CALCULATOR



The availability of a carbon footprint calculator would:

- standardise the calculation,
- reduce the costs of performing the carbon footprint study and verifying it,
- make it easier market surveillance

Possible features:

- Preload of all secondary datasets available and all default activity data for processes not under the control of the battery manufacturer (e.g. EoL)
- Introduction only of the company specific data
- Possibility to upload new EF-compliant datasets
- Possibility to produce a CF verification report with the list of all changes introduced
- Possibility to export the CF profile in a machine-readable format

The calculator would **NOT** be:

- An LCA software
- An ecodesign software
- A tool that allow to modify the secondary datasets available or the EF method modelling requirements